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		z Airfield 25X1	
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VALUATI	ION_	25X1 PLACE OBTAINED 25X1	
ATE OF	CONT	ENT_ 19 to 25 June 1950	
ATE OB	TAINE	25X1 DATE PREPARED. 11 August 1950	
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AGES	2	ENCLOSURES (NO. & TYPE) 1 - sketch on ditto	
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		25X1	
5X1		planes, presumably of another type, which were previously used for night flying. The following features were identified on the jet planes with swept-back wings: Air intake apertures covered with red links, sliding middle section of plexiglass cockpits, nose wheels retracting rearward,	25X′
	2.	A jet plane with swept-back wings, which was apparently being assembled, was observed on the southern edge of the field at noon on 19 June 1950. An aircraft crate was standing nearby. A tube or shaft with a diameter of about 50 cm and a metallic sheen similar to polished steel, was inswilled in the longitudinal axis of the fuselage. The tube tapered to the front and extended about 1.3 meters beyond the front of a cylindrical section, which it was fitted. There were wide spiral grooves, about 20 cm wide and 6 to 8 cm apart on both the tube and cylindrical section. (2)	
	3.	The weather was clear at 10:45 a.m. on 19 June 1950 and two jet planes with swept-back wings took off side by side on the runway, using about 1,000 meters. The landing gears were retracted at un altitude of 20 to 30 meters. The planes made local flights and lunded, one immediately after the other, at an estimated speed of 300 km/h. Night flight training was done after 9 p.m. (4)	
	Ц.	It was raining and the visibility range was about 400 meters at 3 p.m. on 21 June 1950. The twin-engine transport took off and made local flights at altitudes of between 350 and 400 meters. From three to eight parachutists jumped at each circling of the plane. The parachutists landed in the northeastern corner of the field.	
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	5.	Dummies, the size of a man, were dropped with parachutes from the same plane at an altitude of about 400 meters at 3 p.m. on 22 June 1950. The parachutes, two of which did not open, were white and gray. (5)	
	6.	A twin-engine plane with double rudder assembly, escorted by 14 two-scater single-engine planes, circled over the field at 10 a.m. on 25 June 1950. The planes, which had not taken off from the field, headed east.	
25X1	7.	Six railroad tank cars, which must have arrived recently, stood on the railway siding on 20 June 1950. Left the field in the direction of Rochlin. (6)	25X <sup>-</sup>
25X1 25X1	(1)	The 43 jet planes are type 14, the other 12 jet aircraft are probably of type 16. The number of type 16 jet aircraft is believed to be too high. The two types of conventional planes are possibly IA-9s and Yak-lls. However, it is improbable that so many Yak-lls are stationed at Laerz. The number of type 14 jet planes is believed possible. According to another source, 66 jet planes were observed at the field in July 1950.	25X
25X1	(2)		25X
			25X <sup>-</sup>
	(3)	The landing speed of the jet planes is overrated. According to other observations the landing speed is about 250 km/h.	20/(
	(4)	Hight flights by fighters were previously known.	-
	(5)	This is the first report of parachute jumps over the Laerz airfield. Since no report has been received that a parachute unit is stationed in Laerz, it is believed that the parachute jumps were made by the flying personnel of the fighter regiments.	
25X1	(6)		
		1 Annex: 1 - sketch on ditto.	

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